

PSAECO: Treasurers

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Right-to-Know Law Basics

The very basics of the Right-to-Know Law

- RTKL allows people to request state & local gov't records
- Agencies must respond within 5 business days
 - Can sometimes extend deadline by 30 calendar days
 - Requester can grant additional time must be in writing
- Can grant or deny request, or a combination of both
- If any part denied, requester can appeal (<2.5% of cases)
- OOR decides cases in 30 days (requester can grant more time)
- Either side can appeal OOR decision to court (<10% of cases)

Right-to-Know Law Basics

All state & local government records presumed to be public

- 30 exceptions in the RTKL
 - Fewer apply to financial records & aggregated data
- Exceptions in other laws & regulations
- State constitution's right to privacy
- Attorney-client privilege & other privileges
 - Only if recognized by PA courts; not "self-critical evaluation"
- Records can be made non-public by court order

What is a Record?

A record is...

- "information, regardless of physical form or characteristics, that documents a transaction or activity of an agency and that is created, received or retained pursuant to law or in connection with a transaction, business or activity of the agency"
- PA Office of Attorney General v. Philadelphia Inquirer (No. 2096 C.D. 2014, decided Nov. 19, 2015)

Records Take Many Shapes

The Right-to-Know Law...

- **Doesn't** distinguish between formats
 - Paper, email, texts, social media, audio, video, etc.
- Doesn't distinguish between agency & personal devices (or agency & personal email accounts)
- All that matters: Is it a record? And if so, is it a public record?

Receiving RTKL Requests

Agencies may see requests submitted in various ways

- OOR Standard RTKL Request Form
- The agency's own RTKL Request Form
- Email, letter, etc.
 - Agencies can adopt a policy to require the use of a form
 - Must accept the OOR Standard RTKL Request Form

OOR Standard RTKL Request Form, part 1



Standard Right-to-Know Law Request Form

Good communication is vital in the RTKL process. Complete this form thoroughly and retain a copy; it is required should an appeal be necessary. You have 15 business days to appeal after a request is denied or deemed denied.

SUBMITTED TO AGENCY NAM	1E:					(Attn: AORO)
Date of Request:		_Submitted via:	☐ Email	☐ U.S. Mail	☐ Fax	☐ In Person
PERSON MAKING REQUEST:						
Name:	Company (if applicable):					
Mailing Address:						
City: S	State:	Zip:	Email:			
Telephone:		Fax:				
How do you prefer to be contacted if the agency has questions? $\ \Box$ Telephone $\ \Box$ Email $\ \Box$ U.S. Mail						

RECORDS REQUESTED: Be clear and concise. Provide as much specific detail as possible, ideally including subject matter, time frame, and type of record or party names. Use additional sheets if necessary. RTKL requests should seek records, not ask questions. Requesters are not required to explain why the records are sought or the intended use of the records unless otherwise required by law.

OOR Standard RTKL Request Form, part 1



Standard Right-to-Know Law Request Form

Good communication is vital in the RTKL process. Complete this form thoroughly and retain a copy; it is required should an appeal be necessary. You have 15 business days to appeal after a request is denied or deemed denied.

SUBMITTED TO AGENCY NAME:					(Attn: AORO)
Date of Request:	Submitted via:	☐ Email	☐ U.S. Mail	☐ Fax	☐ In Person
PERSON MAKING REQUEST:					
Name:	Company (if applicable):				
Mailing Address:					
City: State:	Zip:	Email:			
Telephone:	Fax:				
How do you prefer to be contacted if th					

RECORDS REQUESTED: Be clear and concise. Provide as much specific detail as possible, ideally including subject matter, time frame, and type of record or party names. Use additional sheets if necessary. RTKL requests should seek records, not ask questions. Requesters are not required to explain why the records are sought or the intended use of the records unless otherwise required by law.

OOR Standard
RTKL Request
Form, part 2

DO YOU WANT COPIES?	☐ Yes, electronic copies preferre	d if available		
	☐ Yes, printed copies preferred			
	\square No, in-person inspection of rec	ords preferred (may requ	est copies later)	
Do you want <u>certified copie</u>	es? \square Yes (may be subject to addition	tional costs) 🗆 No		
RTKL requests may require	payment or prepayment of fees. Se	e the <u>Official RTKL Fee Scl</u>	<u>redule</u> for more details.	
Please notify me if fees associated with this request will be more than \square \$100 (or) \square \$				
ITEMS BELOW THIS LINE FOR AGENCY USE ONLY				
Tracking:	Date Received:	Response Due (5 bus. da	ys):	
30-Day Ext.? 🗆 Yes 🗆 No (If Yes, Final Due Date:) Actual Response Date:				
Request was: Granted	☐ Partially Granted & Denied ☐	Denied Cost to Request	er: \$	
☐ Appropriate third partie	es notified and given an opportuni	ty to object to the release	of requested records.	
NOTE: In most cases, a completed RTKL request form is a public record. Form updated Nov. 5, 2019 More information about the RTKL is available at https://www.openrecords.pa.gov				

OOR Standard
RTKL Request
Form, part 2

DO YOU WANT COPIES?	☐ Yes, electronic copies	preferred if available		
	☐ Yes, printed copies pre	eferred		
	☐ No, in-person inspecti	on of records preferred (n	nay request copies later)	
Do you want certified copi	ies? □ Yes (may be subjec	t to additional costs) \square N	0	
RTKL requests may require	: payment or prepayment o	f fees. See the <u>Official RTK</u>	. Fee Schedule f or more details.	
Please notify me if fees a	ssociated with this requ	est will be more than \Box	\$100 (or) 🗆 \$	
ITEMS BELOW THIS LINE FOR AGENCY USE ONLY				
Tracking:	Date Received:	Response Due (5	bus. days):	
30-Day Ext.? □ Yes □ No	(If Yes, Final Due Date:) Actual Res	ponse Date:	
Request was: ☐ Granted	☐ Partially Granted & De	nied 🗆 Denied Cost to F	Requester: \$	
☐ Appropriate third parti	es notified and given an o	pportunity to object to the	release of requested records.	
NOTE: In most cases, a cor More information about the		•	Form updated Nov. 5, 2018	

Receiving RTKL Requests

Not everything has to be a formal RTKL request

- Use common sense
- What will be most efficient? What will take the least time?
- Post commonly requested records on website
- Little (or no) reason to require RTKL request for simple records

Receiving RTKL Requests

The Agency Open Records Officer (AORO) is VITAL

- Treasurer can appoint an AORO, or use the county's AORO
- AORO receives all requests
- AORO serves as main point of contact for requesters
- AORO contacts employees & contractors who may have records
- AORO tracks deadlines for responses and appeals
- AORO, when necessary, consults with agency head
- AORO, when necessary, consults with agency solicitor

Best Practices

Experience shows agencies handle RTKL requests best when:

- AORO receives RTKL training
 - Other staff may also benefit from training
- Alternate AORO is available when AORO is out of office
- Agency work is done on agency devices & email accounts
- A good record retention policy is in place ... and followed.

RTKL is not a confidentiality statute

- None of the exemptions MUST be claimed
- Again: Use common sense
- Records can be released outside of the RTKL
- An agency may exercise its discretion to make any otherwise exempt record accessible if:
 - Disclosure is not prohibited by law or regulation; and
 - The record is not protected by privilege; and
 - The agency head determines that public interest favoring access outweighs any interest favoring withholding.

What agencies must do (part 1)

- Conduct a good faith search for records
 - Advise all custodians of potentially responsive records about the request – employees & contractors
 - Obtain all potentially responsive records from those in possession
 - Review responsive records & assess their public nature
 - Search must be reasonably calculated to find all responsive records

What agencies must do (part 2)

- Maintain all responsive records through all appeals
 - RTKL authorizes courts to sanction for bad faith
- Consider the constitutional right to privacy
 - PSEA v. OOR, focused on home address but has broader application

What agencies are not required to do

- Do not have to create a record that doesn't exist
- Do not have to conduct legal research
 - "What law gives you the authority to do this thing I don't like?"
- Do not have to create electronic copies if only hard copies exist
- But... it might make sense to do any or all of these
 - Again: What is most efficient?

Records commonly held by County Treasurers

- Licenses: Dog, Fishing, Hunting, Etc.
 - Constitutional right to privacy applies to individuals (human beings)
 - Rubin v. Allegheny County Treasurer's Office (2017-0528)
- Financial Records
 - Many RTKL exceptions do NOT apply to financial records

Requests must be sufficiently specific

- Unfortunately, no absolute definition of specificity
- Three-part test: Subject Matter, Scope, Time Frame
 - Subject Matter: Must identify transaction or activity of agency
 - Scope: Types of records (e.g., email, spreadsheets, memos) and/or creator or recipient of records
 - Time Frame: Most fluid of the three factors

Tip: Communicate with the Requester

Good communication can prevent and solve many issues

- Requesters often submit broad requests to ensure they get all the records they want
 - Understandable, but can be expensive & frustrating
 - Requesters don't want surprise bills
 - Agencies don't want unnecessary work
- Many requesters willing to discuss requests
 - Cannot require requester to provide reason for request
- If agreement reached on revised request, put it in writing

Fees Under the RTKL

OOR fee schedule developed pursuant to RTKL

- Only required to provide records in existing format
- Up to \$0.25/page for hard copies (8.5 x 11)
- No charge for electronic records
 - Redactions may necessitate printing electronic records
- Requesters who seek to inspect records can photograph them
- Cannot charge for labor or legal review
- OOR fee schedule (on website) goes into greater detail

Agency Response: Denials

If an agency denies a request, it is required by the RTKL to:

- Provide the denial in writing;
- Explain what records are being withheld;
- Explain why records are being withheld; and
- Explain how to appeal the denial
- NOTE: Failure to respond by the statutory deadline is a <u>"deemed denial"</u> & can be appealed

Appealing a RTKL Denial

Most denials can be appealed to the OOR

- If request is denied, appeal can be filed within 15 business days
- Most appeals filed with the OOR
 - Not Attorney General, Auditor General, Treasurer, General Assembly
 - Not Courts (requests & appeals governed by Rule 509)
 - Denials from local agencies based on criminal investigatory records appealed to county DA (but PSP denials appealed to OOR)
- Can also appeal redactions (which are denials) & fees

Appealing a RTKL Denial

OOR appeal process designed to be simple

- Requester can file appeals w/ online form at OOR website
 - About 10 to 15 minutes to fill out
- No lawyer necessary
- OOR assigns Appeals Officer to oversee case
- Both sides can present evidence & argument
 - Burden of proof is on the agency seeking to deny access
- OOR has 30 days to issue Final Determination

OOR Mediation Program

RTKL authorizes OOR to establish informal mediation program

- Goal: Mutually agreeable settlement
- Voluntary & confidential
- Either side can end mediation at any time
 - If mediation ends, case moves to normal appeal process (new AO)
- OOR has trained mediators
- Can save time & expense

Office of Open Records

Created by RTKL: Independent & quasi-judicial

- Decide appeals filed by people denied access to records
- Provide RTKL & Sunshine Act training
- 20 total staff
 - Executive Director & Deputy Director
 - 13 Attorneys (incl. 11 Appeals Officers)
 - Chief of Training & Outreach
 - 4 Administrative

OOR Caseload

Thousands of RTK appeals filed every year

- In 2018, OOR received 2,229 appeals
 - That's total appeals, not total requests
 - No central database of # of requests
 - LBFC Study (released 2018) estimated 109,000 requests received by state & local agencies, combined, in 2016
 - Anecdotal evidence suggest that has remained fairly steady

OOR Resources

Website, Twitter, Email Lists & More

- Web: https://openrecords.pa.gov/
- Blog: https://openrecordspennsylvania.com/
- Email lists: Daily Digest of FDs & General Updates
 - https://www.openrecords.pa.gov/EmailSubscriptions.cfm
- Twitter: @OpenRecordsPA
 - Executive Director: <u>@ErikOpenRecords</u>
- YouTube Channel
- Open Records in PA Podcast: <u>Apple Podcasts</u>, <u>Stitcher</u>, etc.