

#### **Dauphin County Bench Bar Conference**

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### **Right-to-Know Law Basics**

### The very basics of the Right-to-Know Law

- RTKL allows people to request state & local gov't records
- Agencies must respond within 5 business days
  - Can sometimes extend deadline by 30 calendar days
  - Requester can grant additional time must be in writing
- Can grant or deny request, or a combination of both
- If any part denied, requester can appeal (<2.5% of cases)</li>
- OOR decides cases in 30 days (requester can grant more time)
- Either side can appeal OOR decision to court (<10% of cases)</li>

### **Right-to-Know Law Basics**

#### All state & local government records presumed to be public

- 30 exceptions in the RTKL
  - Fewer apply to financial records & aggregated data
- Exceptions in other laws & regulations
- State constitution's right to privacy
- Attorney-client privilege & other privileges
  - Only if recognized by PA courts; not "self-critical evaluation"
- Records can be made non-public by court order

#### What is a Record?

#### A record is...

- "information, regardless of physical form or characteristics, that documents a transaction or activity of an agency and that is created, received or retained pursuant to law or in connection with a transaction, business or activity of the agency"
- PA Office of Attorney General v. Philadelphia Inquirer (No. 2096 C.D. 2014, decided Nov. 19, 2015)

### Office of Open Records

#### **Created by RTKL: Independent & quasi-judicial**

- Decide appeals filed by people denied access to records
- Provide RTKL & Sunshine Act training
- In 2018, OOR received 2,229 appeals
  - That's total appeals, not total requests
  - No central database of # of requests (~6,000 agencies)
    - Estimated 109,000 requests received in 2016
    - Anecdotal evidence suggest that has remained fairly steady

# **Appealing a RTKL Denial**

### If any part of a request is denied, requester can appeal

- If request is denied, appeal can be filed within 15 business days
- Most appeals filed with the OOR
  - Not Attorney General, Auditor General, Treasurer, General Assembly
  - Not Courts (requests & appeals governed by Rule 509)
  - Denials from local agencies based on criminal investigatory records appealed to county DA (but PSP denials appealed to OOR)
- Requesters can appeal redactions (which are denials) & fees

### **RTKL Appeal Process**

### OOR appeal process designed to be simple

- Requester can file appeals w/ online form at OOR website
  - About 10 to 15 minutes to fill out
- No lawyer necessary
- OOR assigns Appeals Officer to oversee case
- Both sides can present evidence & argument
  - Burden of proof is on the agency seeking to deny access
- OOR has 30 days to issue Final Determination

## **OOR Mediation Program**

#### RTKL authorizes OOR to establish informal mediation program

- Goal: Mutually agreeable settlement
- Voluntary & confidential
- Either side can end mediation at any time
  - If mediation ends, case moves to normal appeal process (new AO)
- OOR has trained mediators
- Can save time & expense

## **RTKL Appeal Process Beyond the OOR**

#### All OOR decisions can be appealed to court

- Local agency appeals go to Court of Common Pleas
- State agency appeals go to Commonwealth Court
- OOR is not a party to appeals
  - Agency v. Requester or Requester v. Agency

## **RTKL Appeal Process Beyond the OOR**

#### **Courts can and often do:**

- Ask OOR to provide the certified record
  - OOR tries to do this automatically; not always notified of appeals
- Ask OOR to have a representative attend a hearing
  - Again, OOR not a party to appeals
  - OOR can answer procedural questions, offer procedural suggestions
- Remand cases to the OOR
  - Could also order parties to participate in OOR mediation

#### Discovery orders can be written to prohibit RTKL requests

- Ordinarily, discovery orders do not prohibit use of RTKL
- RTKL is to be construed without regard to requester's identity
- However, presumption of openness does not apply if:
  - The record is exempt from disclosure under a judicial order
  - Section 305(a)(3) of RTKL
- Such orders should be tailored as narrowly as possible
  - Other parties, unconnected to litigation, should not be penalized

#### Legislature is considering language to address situation

- SB 783 of 2019-20 session
- Proposal: An agency may deny a request to a party to litigation when the request:
  - is material to a pending civil action or proceeding to which the agency is a party and the Pennsylvania Rules of Civil Procedure or the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure apply; or
  - was previously made in litigation discovery

### **Chester Community Charter School v. Hardy (2012)**

- Commonwealth Court: "It may be that the Requester is using the Right-to-Know Law to conduct discovery ... This result may seem unfair ... Unfortunately for Charter School, it matters not.
   A requester's motive under the [RTKL] has been made irrelevant by the legislature."
- 38 A.3d 1079, 1089 (Pa. Commw. Ct. 2012)
- See also City of Allentown v. Brenan
  52 A.3d 451 (Pa Commw. Ct. 2012)

### Office of the District Attorney of Phila. v. Bagwell (2017)

- Commonwealth Court: "Discovery conducted in a court of law and a request made under the RTKL are wholly separate processes and it is only in rare circumstances, such as the issuance of a protective order, that a judicial order or decree governing discovery in litigation will act to prevent disclosure of public information responsive to a RTKL request."
- 155 A.3d 1119, 1139 (Pa. Commw. Ct. 2017)

### Petersen v. Stroudsburg Area School District (OOR 2019-0557)

- Request: documents pertaining to SASD's terms of engagement w/ specific law firm, initiation of relationship between SASD & law firm, any communications prior to engagement
- Agency denied request
- On appeal agency said: Insufficiently specific, attorney-client privilege & records subject to protective order
  - SASD said Requester's employer recently scheduled depositions of 2
    SASD board members "in order to obtain the same records"

#### Petersen v. Stroudsburg Area School District (OOR 2019-0557)

 OOR found: "The [protective] Order does not bar disclosure of the responsive records under the RTKL. ... As the Order does not expressly preclude release of the records under the RTKL, the District has failed to prove that the responsive records are barred from disclosure thereunder."

#### **OOR Resources**

#### Website, Twitter, Email Lists & More

- Web: <a href="https://openrecords.pa.gov/">https://openrecords.pa.gov/</a>
- Blog: <a href="https://openrecordspennsylvania.com/">https://openrecordspennsylvania.com/</a>
- Email lists: Daily Digest of FDs & General Updates
  - https://www.openrecords.pa.gov/EmailSubscriptions.cfm
- Twitter: @OpenRecordsPA
  - Executive Director: <u>@ErikOpenRecords</u>
- YouTube Channel
- Open Records in PA Podcast: <u>Apple Podcasts</u>, <u>Stitcher</u>, etc.